

police" officers subjected Mahsa to violent beatings as they forcibly transferred her to a detention centre. Documentation by human rights defenders and organisations also point out that the Iranian authorities routinely blame custodial deaths on suicide, drug overdose, pre-existing health conditions, and illness without conducting investigations.³

In another attempt to frustrate transparency and escape accountability, the Government is also currently disrupting internet access to the point of shutdowns, and temporarily filtering the most widely used platforms of WhatsApp and Instagram. Instances of major Internet Service Providers such as MCI Iran (or Hamrah Aval) filtering usage of "Mahsa Amini" through SMS is also an alarming new dimension to protest censorship.⁴ Ironically, while President Ebrahim Raisi was given a platform to further the state's policy of denial and concealment at the world stage and repeat its empty rhetoric about justice and his government's defense of human rights before the UN General Assembly, officials were busy disrupting the country's access to the internet and violently repressing protestors in Iran.

A series of ever-intensifying waves of nationwide and localised protests have been unfolding since 2017, each time allowing for boiling over of people's simmering outrage over Iran's systemic and systematic human rights abuses against its population and widespread corruption. The international community must ask itself how many more deaths at the hand of authorities? How many more civil activists and human rights defenders will be arbitrarily arrested, detained, and killed before it takes meaningful and concrete actions to ensure authorities are held to account.

Iran's Government has launched a sustained and violent crackdown on unionists and labor activists, lawyers, women activists, human rights defenders, journalists, and many others. And the pattern of violence has been repetitive: with security forces, in blatant violation of international law, firing live ammunition at individuals who pose no imminent threat of death or serious injury, misusing tear gas and water cannons, violently beating protestors with batons and sticks, and using weapons and ammunition such as stun guns and metal pellets including birdshot, which must be prohibited as they violate the absolute prohibition of torture and other ill-treatment. We are deeply alarmed by the growing number of protestors killed, injured and arrested in Kurdistan, where mass protests began, and in other provinces that have joined the protests in response to Mahsa's death.⁵

<https://www.en-hrana.org/report-on-the-third-day-of-nationwide-protests-following-mahsa-aminis-death/>
<https://iranhr.net/en/articles/5496/>; Kurdp reports at least 12 persons killed in Kurdistan alone (as of 22 Sept),
<https://kurdpa.net/fa/news/%D8%A8%D8%A7-%D9%84%D8%A8%D8%A7%D8%B3-%D9%81%DB%8C%D9%84%D9%85-%D9%85%D8%AA%D9%81%D8%A7%D9%88%D8%AA-%D8%A8%D9%88%D8%AF-%D9%87%D9%85%D9%87-%D8%A8%D8%AF%D9%86%D8%B4-%D8%B1%D8%A7-%D9%BF%D9%88%D8%B4%D8%A7%D9%86%D8%AF%D9%87-%D8%A8%D9%88%D8%AF%D9%86%D8%AF-%D8%AA%D8%A7-%DA%A9%D8%A8%D9%88%D8%AF%DB%8C-%D9%87%D8%A7-%D8%B1%D8%A7-%D9%86%D8%A8%DB%8C%D9%86%DB%8C%D9%85-%D8%A8%D8%A7-%D8%B5%D8%AF%D8%A7%DB%8C-%D8%A8%D9%84%D9%86%D8%AF-%D9%85%DB%8C-%DA%AF%D9%88%DB%8C%D9%85-%D8%AF%D8%AF%D8%AA%D8%B1%D9%85-%D9%87%DB%8C%DA%86-%D8%A8%DB%8C%D9%85%D8%A7%D8%B1%DB%8C-%D9%86%D8%AF%D8%A7%D8%B4%D8%AA>

³ <https://cpj.org/data/people/zahra-kazemi/>
⁴ <https://www.en-hrana.org/report-on-the-third-day-of-nationwide-protests-following-mahsa-aminis-death/>
⁵ As the time of writing, Iran Human Rights reports that at least 31 persons have been killed (as of 22 Sept),
<https://iranhr.net/en/articles/5496/>; Kurdp reports at least 12 persons killed in Kurdistan alone (as of 22 Sept),
<https://kurdpa.net/fa/news/%D8%A8%D8%B2%D8%A7%D8%B1%D8%B4-%D8%B3%D8%B1%DA%A9%D9%88%D8%A8-%D8%A7%D8%B9%D8%AA%D8%B1%D8%B6%D8%A7%D8%AA-%D8%B4%D9%87%D8%B1%DB%8C%D9%88%D8%B1-%D8%AF%D8%B1-%DA%A9%D8%B1%D8%AF%D8%B3%D8%AA%D8%A7%D9%86-%D8%A7%D9%85%D8%A7%D8%B1-2>. HRANA has documented protests in 117 cities in 29 provinces <https://www.en-hrana.org/fifth-day-of-nationwide-protests-following-mahsa-aminis-death/>

Acting with alarm to authorities' response, UN High Commissioner for Human Rights Nada Al-Nashif called for a prompt, impartial, effective, and independent investigation into Mahsa Amini's death and "condemned the reported unnecessary or disproportionate use of force against protesters."⁶ Historical and systematic impunity which prevails in the country and "the absence of a system for accountability for violations of human rights" in Iran's political and legal system, as recently highlighted by the Special Rapporteur on the situation of human rights in Iran, Dr. Javaid Rehman, means that there is no prospect of such investigations by the Iranian authorities themselves.⁷

The community of states have a moral obligation to stand with the people of Iran and not to remain silent in the face of such blatant violations of fundamental human rights and crimes under international law. States should seize all opportunities at their disposal, including during the ongoing 51st session of the UN Human Rights Council and during the persistent 77th session of the UN General Assembly, to voice their condemnation of Iran's disregard for human rights, including the rights of women to freedom of expression, association, and assembly; and to work towards the establishment of an investigative and accountability mechanism in order to end impunity for repeated cycles of grave violations of human rights and crimes under international law committed in the country.

Signatories:

Abdorrahman Boroumand Center for Human Rights in Iran

All Human Rights for All in Iran

ARTICLE19

Association for the Human Rights of the Azerbaijani People in Iran (AHRAZ)

Ensemble Contre la Peine de Mort (ECPM)

Human Rights Activists (in Iran)

Impact Iran

Iran Human Rights

Iran Human Rights Documentation Center (IHRDC)

Kurdistan Human Rights Association - Geneva (KMMK-G)

Kurdpa Human Rights Organization

Siamak Pourzand Foundation (SPF)

United for Iran

⁶ <https://www.ohchr.org/en/press-releases/2022/09/mahsa-amini-acting-un-human-rights-chief-urges-impartial-probe-death-iran>

⁷ <https://undocs.org/Home/Mobile?FinalSymbol=A%2FHRC%2F49%2F75&Language=E&DeviceType=Desktop>